

2021 KING IV GOVERNANCE OUTCOMES REPORT

Stenprop Limited (the 'Company' or the 'Group') supports the principles and practices set out in the King IV Report ('King IV') on Corporate Governance for South Africa 2016.

Leadership, Ethics and corporate citizenship

Pr	inciple	How principle is applied
1.	Leadership - The Board should lead ethically and effectively	The directors of the Company hold one another a ccountable for decision-making and ethical behaviour. The Stenprop board of directors (the 'Board') endorses the principles of integrity, competence, responsibility, a ccountability, fairness and transparency and is responsible for the effective and efficient execution of delivering the Company's strategy. The Board has adopted a Charter that clearly outlines the division of responsibilities and sets out the practices and processes the Board follows to discharge its responsibilities.
2.	Organisational ethics – The Board should govern the organisation's ethics in a way that supports the establishment of an ethical culture	The Board has constituted a Social and Ethics Committee which is responsible for the monitoring and governance of the ethics of the Company. The responsibilities of the Social and Ethics Committee are outlined in the committee's Terms of Reference. The implementation and execution of the code of conduct and ethical policies is delegated to management. This includes guidelines on interaction with stakeholders and the addressing of key ethical risks to the organisation.
3.	Responsible corporate citizenship - The Board should ensure that the organisation is and is seen to be a responsible corporate citizen	The Board together with the Social and Ethics Committee is responsible for monitoring that the Group is, and, is seen to be, a responsible corporate citizen. The Board fully recognises the fact that robust corporate governance practices enhance both shareholder v alue and the long-term sustainability of the business. As such, the Company's governance structures and processes are regularly reviewed to make certain that they support effective and ethical leadership, good corporate citizenship and sustainable development. In addition, the Board is responsible for ensuring compliance with requirements and regulations and the successful application of good governance practices. The Company has developed an Environment Social and Governance ('ESG') strategy and policy with clearly defined ESG principles which are an integral part of our core business principles. The Group has updated its annual reporting disclosure in

line with all mandatory and selected voluntary reporting requirements and frameworks to provide greater clarity on its impact on the environment, society, economy and people.

Strategy, Performance and Reporting

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Principle 4. Strategy and performance - The Board should appreciate that the organisation's core purpose its risks and opportunities, strategy, business model, performance and sustainable development are all inseparable elements of the value creation process	 delegates to it the formulation and development of the Group's short, medium and long-term strategy. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the strategy aligns with the Company's core strategic objectives. The Company's a bility to create value in a sustainable manner is by virtue of the allocation of its key capital resources to generate the highest risk-adjusted return.
5. Reporting - The Board should ensure that reports issued by the organisation enable stakeholders to make informe assessments of the organisation's performance an its short, medium and long- term prospects	 view of the organisation's strategy, governance and performance. All content in the Annual Report is approved by the Board. The directors are responsible for preparing the interim and annual financial statements in a ccordance with applicable law and regulations.

Governing structures and Delegation

Prin	ciple	How principle is applied
Prin 6.	rimary Role and Responsibilities of the Board - The Board should serve as the focal point and custodian of corporate governance in the organisation	The Board is the focal point and custodian of corporate governance within the Group. The Board assumes responsibility for organisational performance and exercises its leadership by steering management and ensuring that the approved strategy a ligns with the Company's core strategic objectives. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the strategy is implemented and delivered successfully. The directors have adopted a Board Charter that clearly specifies the division of responsibilities and sets out the practices and processes that the Board follows in order to discharge its responsibilities. The Board Charter specifically sets a description of roles, functions, responsibilities and powers of the Board, the shareholders, the Chairman, individual directors, the company secretary and any prescribed officers and executives of the Company. Its role and responsibilities and the way that it executes its duties and decision-making are documented and are set out in the Board Charter. The Board discloses in the Annual Report the number of meetings held during the reporting period, and attendance at those meetings.
		The Board has unrestricted access to the external auditors, professional advisors, the services of the company secretary, the executives and the staff of the Company at any given time. Should a director require independent professional advice on any matters, the Board has agreed that this may be taken at the Company's expense. The independent non-executive directors bring independent judgement to issues tabled at Board meetings including Company
		strategy, performance and standards of conduct. Where a ppropriate, they constructively challenge the executives and ensure that the obligations towards the Company's stakeholders are met. The minutes record any unresolved issue raised by the non-executive directors, should they arise.

Principle	How principle is applied
7. Composition of the Board - The Board should comprise the appropriate balance of knowledge, skills, experience, diversity and independence	The Board is responsible for the composition of the Board and is satisfied that there is the necessary balance of skills, experience, diversity, independence and knowledge needed to discharge its role and responsibilities. The Board's effectiveness is a ssessed through an annual a ssessment process. The knowledge and skills set are evaluated with a view to continued improvement in the Company's performance and effectiveness.
needed to discharge its role and responsibilities objectively and	The Board comprises a majority of non-executive members, most of whom are independent as defined by King IV.
effectively	The CEO, who is not the Chairman, and the CFO and Managing Director are members of the Board and ensure that it has direct interaction with management. There is a clear balance of power at Board level to ensure that no individual/s have undue decision-making powers.
	The Board is chaired by an independent non-executive member. In addition, the Board has appointed an independent non-executive member as the lead independent. The role and responsibilities of these positions is documented in the Board Charter.
	The Board recognises that it should be comprised of individuals with diverse backgrounds (including age, core expertise, gender and social diversity) who have a high degree of competency, integrity, skill, capacity, experience and commitment to discharge their duties and responsibilities and has set targets for gender representation in its membership.
	The Company has a Nominations Committee which leads the process for Board appointments and makes recommendations to the Board. It is also responsible for keeping the structure, size and composition of the Board under regular review. All nominations are considered, and director appointments made, in a formal and transparent manner in a ccordance with the Company's policy for appointments to the Board. The appointment of all directors is minuted, published on the respective exchanges where the Company is listed and disclosed on the Company's website. The articles of incorporation of the Company provide that the Board may appoint directors provided that any such appointment is confirmed by the shareholders of the Company at the first annual general meeting ('AGM') following the appointment. In addition, all the directors retire by rotation at each AGM and being eligible, may stand for re-election. A brief professional profile of each candidate standing for election at the AGM is included in the Annual Report which accompanies the relevant notice of the AGM.
	Each member of the Board is required to declare to the Board all interests and any conflicts of interest that are managed in accordance with the Board Charter.

	nciple	How principle is applied
8.	Committees of the Board - The Board should ensure that its arrangements for delegation within its structures promote independent judgement, and assist with balance of power and the effective discharge of its responsibilities and duties	The Board and its committees comply with a pplicable corporate governance requirements. A Board Charter has been adopted which clearly outlines the division of responsibilities and sets out the practices and processes the Board follows to discharge its responsibilities to respective committees and management. Each committee has clear Terms of Reference which have been a pproved by the Board and which clearly define their composition, responsibilities, decision-making authority, and access to information and meeting procedures. Executive directors and/or management may be invited to attend Board committee meetings as and when deemed appropriate or necessary. The Audit and Risk Committee, chaired by an independent non-executive member, is satisfied that the auditor is independent and monitors and approves the level of non-audit services performed by the auditor. The CFO oversees the finance function and is assisted by suitably qualified staff. An assessment of the effectiveness of the CFO's performance is conducted annually by the Audit and Risk Committee and confirmed in the Annual Report.
9.	Performance evaluations - The Board should ensure that the evaluation of its own performance and that of its committees, its chair and its individual members support continued improvement in its performance and effectiveness	The Board Charter requires the Board to perform an annual Board assessment. The evaluation of the Board and its committees to assess the performance and skill of the Board and its committees was conducted internally via performance evaluation questionnaires and discussions led by the Chairman and the lead independent director. This followed an independent and externally facilitated evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board and its committees in the prior year. The report concluded that the committee continues to operate effectively and made recommendations to support continued improvement.
10.	Appointment and delegation to management - The Board should ensure that the appointment of, and delegation to, management contribute to role clarity and the effective exercise of authority and responsibilities	The CEO's a ppointment and duties comply with the recommendations under King IV. Detailed delegation of a uthority is included in the Board Charter. The Board is satisfied that the Group is a ppropriately resourced and that its delegation to management contributes to an effective a rrangement by which a uthority and responsibilities are exercised. The Board is satisfied that it has necessary access to professional and independent guidance on corporate governance and its legal duties. All directors have access to the advice of the company secretary, in-house legal resources and external professional corporate governance a diministrators, if required. The qualifications, experience and competence of the company secretary are considered on an annual basis. After careful consideration these a ttributes were deemed a ppropriate by the Board.

Governance Functional Areas

Principle	How principle is applied
11. Risk governance - The Board should governrisk in a way that supports the organisation in setting and achieving its strategic objectives	The Board has overall responsibility for determining the risk appetite of the Company and for the adoption and oversight of the risk management plan. The Board is conscious of the risks associated with the strategy, performance and sustainability of the Group. The Audit and Risk Committee assists the Board with the governance of risk. The Company has adopted a risk management plan which aims to identify, assess, manage and monitor risks in accordance with the level of risk that the Board is willing to tolerate. The Audit and Risk Committee delegates to management the duty to continuously identify, assess, mitigate and manage risks within the existing operating environment. Appropriate internal risk management and control systems are in place to mitigate these risks which are monitored on a continuous basis.
12. Technology and information governance - The Board should govern technology and information in a way that supports the organisation in setting and achieving its strategic objectives	The Board, together with the Audit and Risk Committee, oversees both technology and information governance. Whilst the Board is ultimately responsible for the governance of information and technology, it is management's responsibility to ensure that appropriate processes exist to ensure robust information governance, together with timely, complete, a ccurate and a ppropriate IT reporting. It is understood that good IT and information governance is core to a chieving the objectives of the Company.
 13. Compliance governance - The Board should govern compliance with applicable laws and adopted non-binding rules, codes and standards in a way that supports the organisation being ethical and a good corporate citizen 	The Board, assisted by the company secretary and in-house legal resources, monitors compliance with the various regulations that the Group is subject to comply with. There are no material penalties, sanctions or fines for contraventions of, or non-compliance with, regulatory obligations.

Principle	How principle is applied
14. Remuneration governance - The	The Board, assisted by the Remuneration Committee ensures that staff are remunerated fairly, responsibly, transparently and in
Board should ensure that the	line with industry standards so as to promote the creation of value in a sustainable manner. This responsibility is contained in the
organisation remunerates fairly,	Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee.
responsibly and transparently so	A formal Remuneration Policy is in place which complies with the recommendations of King IV and is a ligned with the
as to promote the achievement of	Company's remuneration philosophy. A Remuneration Implementation Report with regard to the implementation of the
strategic objectives and positive	remuneration policy is disclosed in the 2021 Annual Report in line with the recommendations of King IV.
outcomes in the short, medium	
and long-term	The Remuneration Policy and the Remuneration Implementation Report will be tabled annually at the AGM for separate non-
	binding a dvisory votes by shareholders. In the event that 25% or more of the votes are cast against either or both the
	remuneration policy or the remuneration implementation report, the Board will engage with dissenting shareholders and address
	all reasonable concerns or objections.
15. Assurance - The Board should	The Board has overall responsibility for a ssurance. This responsibility is delegated to various committees and is contained in the
ensure that assurance services	Board Charter and the Terms of Reference of the Audit and Risk Committee.
and functions enable an effective	
control environment, and that	The Board is satisfied that the assurance services and functions provided effectively cover the organisation's significant risks,
these support the integrity of	enable an effective control environment and support the integrity of reports for better decision-making. The Board has reviewed
information for internal decision-	the need for an internal audit function and remains of the view that it is not suitable for the Group considering its size and
making and of the organisation's	structure. The Audit and Risk Committee re-evaluates this on a regular basis.
external reports	
<u>akeholder relationships</u>	

Principle	How principle is applied
16. Stakeholders -	Awareness of wellbeing of all our stakeholders is key to the Company culture and delivering value for all our stakeholders is one
In the execution of its role and	of the Company's four key strategic goals. The careful balancing of the needs, interests and expectations of all of our stakeholders
responsibilities, the Board	is considered integral to the Company's long-term sustainability.
should adopt a stakeholder-	
inclusive approach that	Stakeholder engagement provides the opportunity to a lign expectations and practices. Various stakeholder groups have been
balances the needs, interests	identified: our shareholders; our customers; our people; our local communities and the environment, as well as business partners,
and expectations of material	lenders and suppliers. A summary of how we engage with our stakeholders is provided in the section 172 statements and
stakeholders in the best interests	stakeholder engagement section of the Annual Report published on the Company's website.
of the organisation over time.	
_	The Board oversees proactive engagement with shareholders, including engagement at the AGM of the company.